1	2	3	4	5
11. Jayadhar	400		440	453
12. Digvijay (C-67, ISC/H4)	455	420	512	525
13. (Seed) A-Nector	500	470	558	—
14. Varalaxmi	530	440	547	542
15. Suvin			490	—
16. AK-H-4		425	495	510
17. SRT		425	501	514
18. Nimkar	499	445	580	—
19. Y-I (M)	440	420	484	499
20. Y-I (K)		425	490	505

SOURCE: Maharashtra State Cotton Growers Cooperative Marketing Federation.

Damages due to floods

2804. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:

SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA:

Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) the state-wise value of the total damages due to floods during each of the last three years and the current year; and

(b) whether there has been a rising trend in the damages; if so, the reasons therefor and advice given to states for curbing it?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI B. SHANKARANAND): (a) These details based on information given by State Governments and Union Territory Administrations are given in Annexure [*See* appendix CXLI, Annexure No. 123]

(b) Yes, Sir. The monetary value of flood damages in the country over the years generally shows a rising trend. The main reasons for the rise are:

(i) Rise in prices.

(ii) Encroachment of flood plains.

(iii) Increase in agricultural productivity.

(iv) Increase in private and public investment within the flood prone areas.

All the aspects relating to flood control were gone into by the National Flood Commission (RBA), who gave various recommendations to check losses due to floods. There recommendations were commended in 1981 by the Government of India to the State Governments for consideration and implementation. Central Government is also maintaining a network of flood forecasting stations to give timely warning. Efforts are also being made to persuade State Governments to enact legislation on flood plainzoning to minimise flood losses.

Input and Output Prices

2805. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN:

SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether in December, 1985 he had stated in his inaugural address at the 46th Annual Conference of the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics at Udaipur that researches were